CONTRIBUTION OF THE HUMAN RIGHTS COUNCIL TO THE UNITED NATIONS GENERAL ASSEMBLY SPECIAL SESSION ON THE WORLD DRUG PROBLEM OF 2016

The Human Rights Council,

Guided by the purposes and principles Charter of the United Nations,

Reaffirming the Universal Declaration of Human Rights and recalling the International Covenant on Economic, Social and Cultural Rights, the International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights, the Vienna Declaration and Programme of Action and other relevant international human rights instruments,

Recalling also General Assembly resolution 60/251 of 15 March 2006, as well as Human Rights Council resolutions 5/1 and 5/2 and decision 5/101 of 18 June 2007, and 18/21 of 25 March 2011,

Recalling in particular that the Human Rights Council has the mandate to, inter alia, promote universal respect for the protection of all human rights and fundamental freedoms for all, without discrimination of any kind and in a fair and equal manner; to serve as a forum for dialogue on thematic issues on all human rights; and to promote the effective coordination and the mainstreaming of human rights within the United Nations system,

Reaffirming the universality, interdependence, indivisibility and interrelatedness of human rights as enshrined in the Universal Declaration of Human Rights and consequently elaborated in other human rights instruments,


Emphasizing the importance both of the universality of the three abovementioned international drug control conventions and of their implementation, noting that they are concerned with the health and welfare of humankind and noting the need, to promote adequate availability of internationally controlled narcotic drugs and psychotropic substances for medical and scientific purposes, in accordance with national legislation, while preventing their diversion, abuse and trafficking, in order to realize the aims of the three international drug control conventions,

Recalling also the Political Declaration adopted by the General Assembly at its twentieth special session, the Declaration on the Guiding Principles of Drug Demand Reduction, the Action Plan on International Cooperation on the Eradication of Illicit Drug Crops and on Alternative Development,
the Action Plan for the Implementation of the Declaration on the Guiding Principles of Drug Demand Reduction, the United Nations Guiding Principles on Alternative Development, the Political Declaration and Plan of Action on International Cooperation towards an Integrated and Balanced Strategy to Counter the World Drug Problem, and the Joint Ministerial Statement of the 2014 high level review by the Commission on Narcotics Drugs of the implementation by Member States of the above Political Declaration,

_Underlining that_ the world drug problem remains a common and shared responsibility that should be addressed in a multilateral setting through effective and increased international cooperation and demands an evidenced based, integrated, multidisciplinary, mutually reinforcing, balanced and comprehensive approach to supply and demand reduction strategies, and reaffirming our unwavering commitment to ensuring that all aspects of demand reduction, supply reduction and international cooperation are addressed in full conformity with the purposes and principles of the Charter of the United Nations, international law and the Universal declaration of Human Rights and, in particular with full respect for the sovereignty and territorial integrity of States, the principle of non-intervention in the internal affairs of States, all human rights, fundamental freedoms, non-discrimination, the inherent dignity of all individuals and the principles of equal rights and mutual respect among States,

_Recognizing_ that the world drug problem undermines sustainable development, political stability and democratic institutions, including efforts to eradicate poverty, and threatens national security and the rule of law, and that drug trafficking and abuse pose a major threat to the health, dignity and hopes of millions of people and their families and lead to the loss of human lives,

_Taking note_ of the developments at the national, sub-regional, regional and global level and the cooperation undertaken by regional organizations and cross regional activities, in addressing the world drug problem,

_Recalling in particular_ General Assembly resolution 67/193 of 20 December 2012 entitled “International Cooperation against the world drug problem” in which the Assembly decided to convene, in early 2016, a special session on the world drug problem, to review the progress made in the implementation of the Political Declaration and Plan of Action, including an assessment of the achievements and challenges in countering the world drug problem within the framework of the three international drug control conventions and other relevant UN instruments, by inter alia, addressing all the consequences of the world drug problem, including in the heath, social, human rights, economic, justice and security fields,

_Recalling_ all relevant resolutions of the United Nations General Assembly and the Economic and Social Council concerning the world drug problem, and particularly the United Nations General Assembly resolution 69/200 of 18th of December 2014 entitled “Special session of the General Assembly on the world drug problem to be held in 2016” and the Economic and Social Council resolution 2014/24 of 18th of July 2014 entitled “Special session of the General Assembly on the world drug problem to be held in 2016”;

_Recalling_ the resolutions of the Commission on Narcotic Drugs CND 57/5 on the special session of the General Assembly on the drug problem 2016 and CND 51/12, on Strengthening cooperation between the United Nations Office on Drugs and Crime and other United Nations entities for the promotion of human rights in the implementation of the international drug control treaties,
Recognizing the principal role of the Commission on Narcotic Drugs and its subsidiary bodies, together with the International Narcotic Control Board, as the United Nations organs with prime responsibility for drug control matters, as well as the roles of the World Health Organization and of the United Nations Office of Drugs and Crime as the leading entity in the United Nations system for countering the world drug problem and recalling that the General Assembly decided that the Commission on Narcotic Drugs shall lead the preparatory process for UNGASS 2016 by addressing all organizational and substantive matters in an open-ended manner, and in this regard invited the President of the General Assembly to support, guide and stay involved in the process.

Stressing the General Assembly's decision as recommended by the Commission on Narcotic Drugs that the Special Session of the General Assembly on the world drug problem in 2016 will have an inclusive preparatory process that includes extensive substantive consultations, allowing organs, entities and specialized agencies of the United Nations system, relevant international and regional organizations, civil society and other relevant stakeholders to fully contribute to the process in accordance with the relevant rules of procedure and established practice,

1. Requests the United Nations High Commissioner for Human Rights to prepare a study, in consultation with States, UN agencies and other relevant stakeholders, to be presented at the thirtieth session of the Human Rights Council, on the impact of the world drug problem on the enjoyment of human rights, and recommendations to respect, protect and promote human rights in the context of the world drug problem, with particular consideration for the needs of persons affected and persons in vulnerable situations.

2. Decides to convene a panel discussion during the thirtieth session of the Human Rights Council on the impact of the world drug problem on the enjoyment of human rights, informed by the findings contained in the study prepared by the High Commissioner, to have a constructive and inclusive dialogue on this issue with relevant stakeholders, including specialized UN agencies and civil society and with the participation of the Commission on Narcotic Drugs, and also requests the Office of the High Commissioner to prepare a report on the panel discussion in the form of a summary.


4. Invites the General Assembly to take into account the contribution of the Human Rights Council during its Special Session on the world drug problem of 2016 and the Commission on Narcotic Drugs during the preparatory process according with the relevant rules of procedure and established practices.